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## **Applications**

- Nelson Type SLT heating cable provides a solution for ice dams that can build up and damage building roofs, gutters and downspouts.
- During winter months, snow and ice accumulation on roofs can prevent proper drainage of water when normal melting occurs.
  Water stands on the roof and can be refrozen during cold nights resulting in expansion and potential roof damage.
- Nelson's SLT ice melting heaters are designed for installation on roofs and gutters to melt a pathway for the drainage of water. The heating cable's self-regulating feature provides additional benefits as well.

#### **Features**

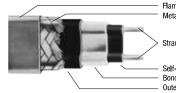
- Nelson SLT heating cable is a parallel circuit, self- regulating electric heater.
- An irradiated cross-linked conductive polymer core is extruded over two multi-stranded, tin-plated, 16-gauge copper buss wires. The conductive core material increases or decreases its heat output in response to temperature changes.
- A waterproof thermoplastic elastomer over jacket is then extruded over the inner jacket for dielectric protection and additional moisture resistance.
- A tinned copper braid is installed over the second jacket providing a continuous ground path.
- A flame retardant, UV stabilized polyolefin over jacket is then extruded over the braid.
- Lower Energy Consumption
- The heater automatically reduces its power output as drainage tunnels are formed in the ice and snow.
- High Temperature Protection
  - Because the heater self regulates its power output as a function of temperature, it cannot overheat and melt or damage temperature sensitive roof coatings.

## **Accessories**

- SLT-LPS: Power Connection Kit with Cable Seals
- SLT-RC: Roof Clips
- SLT-C: Roof Clips (Universal)
- SLT-D: Downspout Hangers
- SLT-S: Splice Kit Heat Shrink
- SLT-E: End Termination Cable Seals Heat Shrink
- AT-50: Aluminum Foil Tape, 50 Yards/Roll

#### **Certifications and Compliances**

- UL Listed: E33597
- CSA Standard: C22.2 No. 130-16
- CSA Certified: LR42103
- Other Standard: IEEE 515.1-2012



Flame Retardant, UV Stabilized Over Jacket Metal Braid

Stranded Plated Copper Conductors

Self-Regulating Conductive Core Bonded Inner Thermoplastic Jacket Outer Thermoplastic Elastomer Jacket



**EMERSON** 

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### **Performance and Rating Data**

The total cable length for deicing is determined by including all elements of the roof system that need protection. Use the following tables to determine the total length of cable required.

### **Total Cable Requirements**

Item	Feet of Cable/Ft. Item	Comments	
Gutter	0.3 (1.0)	1 Trace/6" gutter width	
Downspout	0.6 (2.0)	Unless downspout is on end of circuit, the cable is looped down and back	
Roof Valley	1.8 (6.0)	Per valley	
Dormer	0.3 (1.0)	1 ft. of cable/foot of dormer perimeter	

## Cable Footage Required for Roof Overhangs: (Feet of Cable per Foot of Roof)

	Feet of Cable		
Eave Overhang	Loop Height	Shingle Roof	Metal Roof
0.30 (1.0)	0.46 (1.5)	0.56 (1.83)	0.76 (2.50)
0.61 (2.0)	0.76 (2.5)	0.81 (2.67)	1.07 (3.50)
0.91 (3.0)	1.07 (3.5)	1.12 (3.67)	1.37 (4.50)
1.22 (4.0)	1.37 (4.5)	1.42 (4.67)	1.68 (5.50)



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#### **Selection Table**

	Power Output in Ice	put Maximum Minimum Segment Installation		A/M (A/TO				
Service Voltage	Watts/m (Watts/ft)	Length m (ft)	Temperature °C (°F)	–7°C (20°F) Start–Up	–18°C (0°F) Start–Up	–29°C (–20°F) Start–Up	–40°C (–40°F) Start–Up	Catalog Number
120	40 (12.1)	56 (185)	-37 (-35)	0.554 (0.169)	0.640 (0.195)	0.722 (0.220)	0.804 (0.245)	SLT-1
208	31 (9.5)	113 (370)	-37 (-35)	0.220 (0.067)	0.251 (0.077)	0.285 (0.087)	0.319 (0.097)	
220	34 (10.5)	113 (370)	-37 (-35)	0.243 (0.074)	0.277 (0.084)	0.314 (0.096)	0.351 (0.107)	- - SLT-2
240	40 (12.1)	113 (370)	-37 (-35)	0.279 (0.085)	0.318 (0.097)	0.361 (0.110)	0.404 (0.123)	- SLI-2
277	49 (15.0)	107 (350)	-37 (-35)	0.346 (0.105)	0.395 (0.120)	0.448 (0.136)	0.500 (0.153)	

#### **Circuit Breaker Selection**

	Max, Length in Meters (Feet) Vs. Circuit Breaker Size							
Start–Up Temperature		115/120 Vac			208/220 Vac			
°C (°F)	15A	20A	30A	15A	20A	30A	40A	
-7 (20)	27 (90)	37 (120)	53 (175)	53 (175)	72 (235)	108 (355)	143 (470)	
-18 (0)	23 (75)	32 (105)	47 (155)	47 (155)	62 (205)	94 (310)	125 (410)	
-29 (-20)	21 (70)	27 (90)	41 (135)	41 (135)	55 (180)	84 (275)	111 (365)	
-40 (-40)	18 (60)	24 (80)	37 (120)	37 (120)	50 (165)	75 (245)	99 (325)	

#### Notes

<sup>3.</sup> National Electrical Codes require ground-fault equipment protection for fixed outdoor electrical deicing equipment. Electrical connections should be made by a licensed electrician.



<sup>1.</sup> Maximum segment length is the maximum continuous heater run with minimal voltage drop. For breaker loading, multiple heater segments can be installed in parallel providing no individual length is longer than the maximum published segment length. For voltages other than 240Vac, divide full breaker amperage rating by amps/foot @ start-up temperature to determine maximum total footage allowed.

<sup>2.</sup> Circuit breakers are sized per Article 426-4 of the National Electrical Code.

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## Roof, Gutter Deicer Outline

